

THE NORTONS
OF
SUSSEX (ENG.)
AND
NEW SOUTH WALES

M m

SYDNEY

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PRINTER

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THE NORTONS OF SUSSEX AND
NEW SOUTH WALES.

The Nortons have been seated in Sussex from a very early period and there possessed considerable landed property from the time of Eilizabeth, and, perhaps, earlier, to the end of the 18th century, they bore the rank of gentry, sealing with a coat of arms (three swords ending in a point).

James Norton, of Hurstpierpoint, Sussex, England, was born in the early part of the 18th century, and resided at Northend, one of his estates. He married in 1752 Rebecca Steel, of Newtimber, and had issue—two sons and three daughters.

(1) Elizabeth, Bp. 10th August. 1753. Married James Farringdn, Esq., of Hatnor's Hall,

Lingfield. Surrey.

(2) Thomas, Bp. 28th November, 1754.

(3) Ann. Bp. 20th September, 1757. Married Wm. Johnson.

(4) John, lip. ICTli March, 1759. (Of whom presently)

(5) Amy, Bp. 30th April, 1762. Married and died young.

His estate was so involved that it was sold before John (born 1759) came of age. He lived at Leatherhead

and afterwards at Ore Place *near* Hastings, Sussex. Having tried farming and failed, he was granted a post "controlling the sale of some kind of stamp" which was only given to a few gentlemen. In 1819 he followed his eldest son out to Australia where he acquired property at Mulgoa, on the Nepean River, near Penrith, N.S.W., which he called Fairlight. On the 11th June, 1782 he married Mary Masters Bradford, and had issue—four sons and six daughters.

(She died in 1828. He died on the 31st January, 1829, and was buried at in Australia.)

(1) Mary Masters, *born* 1783, -died unmarried, 1

(2) John, " born 1784, died 1811. First Lieut. on the "Hero" R.N. (The ship went down in a storm in the Baltic Sea on Christmas Eve, 1811. All hands lost.

(3) Nathaniel, born at Leatherhead in July, 1785, died at Mulgoa, N . S . W . , 17th April, 1851. He *entered the Royal Navy on* the 611;

January, 1798, on board the "Busy," 18, in which vessel he assisted, in August 1799, in taking possession of a fleet of merchantmen under the *convoy* of a Swedish Frigate off the Island of Goree.

He afterwards joined the expedition against the Helder; and contributed to the capture of the French lugger privateer, "Le Dragon," 16, on the 16th September, 1799.

In July, 1800 he removed to the "Unite" frigate, and in March, 1801, was present as midshipman at the reduction of the Danish and Swedish Islands.

He was afterwards employed at Harwich and on the Irish station from June, 1803, to October, 1807, in the "Romulus," 16 and "Helma," 18, in which latter ship he aided in effecting the capture on the 5th June, 1805, of "Santa Leocadia," a Spanish privateer.

After serving nearly three months as acting Lieutenant in the "Dryad" 36, he was nominated in January, 1808, master's mate of the "La Virginie," 46 guns and 281 men, and on the 19th of May following, he shared in that ship and was mentioned for his conduct in an obstinate conflict of an hour and a half, which terminated in the surrender of the Dutch frigate "Guelderland," of 36 guns and 253 men, 25 of whom were killed and 60 wounded, whilst of the British not more than one man was killed and two wounded.

Mr. Norton as a reward for his conduct was appointed 1st Lieutenant in the "Brisk" sloop, which promotion was sanctioned by the Admiralty on the 29th July ensuing. Having obtained an appointment to the "Illustrious" 74, he witnessed, in April, 1809, the famous attack made by Lord Cochrane on the enemy's shipping in "Basque Roads," and subsequently sailed for the East Indies, where he assisted at the conquest of the "Mauritius" and of the Islands of Java. He was appointed to the command of the "Procris" ship, 6th February 1812.

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His last appointment was on the 30th May, 1815, to the "Tigre" in which he cruised in the Channel. He ultimately attained the rank of retired commander and came out to Australia and settled at Fanlight, Mulgoa, N. S. W., where he married on the 3rd March, 1841 Miss Ellen Barber, and lived there until his death, on the 17th August, 1851.

They died without issue and were both buried at Mulgoa, N.S.W.

(4) Rebecca, born 7th July, 1780, at Hurstpierpoint, came out to Australia with the family but went back to England, where she lived until her death on the 27th April, 1889, at the age of 103 years. Buried at Woking, Surrey, England.

(5) Nancy, born in 1791, died unmarried, aged 10.

(6) Elizabeth, born in 1793, died unmarried on the 8th May, 1825. at King Street, Sydney, and was buried in the family vault in the Devonshire Street Cemetery.

(7) James, born 27th July, 1795, at Ore Place, Hastings, England. Died in Sydney on the 31st August, 1862 (of whom presently.)

(8) Emma, born 4th October, 1797 (at Fairlight, Hastings, came out to Australia in the ship, "Harriett," with her father in 1819. Married on 31st October, 1821, at St. Phillip's Church, Sydney, to John Joseph William Henry Molesworth Oxley, Esq., who had been Surveyor-General of Lands since January, 1812. She died on 4th April, 1885 at St. Ann's Church, Sydney.

(9) William, born 1799, died young.

(10) Rosa, born 1801. Died young, unmarried. The third son, James Norton, born on the 27th July 1795, at Ore Place, Hastings, England, went to the Temple and studied for the Bar and was admitted a solicitor in the Courts of England. Through Lord Guildford, in 1818, he obtained the post of "Captain's Clerk," on the ship "Maria" (Capt. Williams) bound for Australia, and left England on the 18th May, 1818, arriving in Sydney on the 15th September of the same year, having paid £150 for his passage and bringing with him £800 to the Colony.

He became a Notary Public, under a grant from the Archbishop of Canterbury, and carried on business in

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a cottage in Elizabeth Street until 1832 when he moved his office to a quaint looking building in the same street which had just been erected.

At the same time he moved his household from a house at the corner of King and Elizabeth Street (afterwards

known as the "Three Tuns Tavern") to a cottage at the back of his office and facing Castlereagh

Street.

In August, 1834, he went to live at Elswick.

Leichhardt,

and added to the house which was originally built by a Mr. Foster. Here he had an immense garden of which he was devotedly fond. The house still stands, although the surrounding garden and grounds have long since been cut up and built on. The ground sloped down from the drive in front of the house, and you went through a little gate into the sweetest old garden that *ever* was—beautiful trees and lovely groups of tall bamboos, and a long path with hedges of dark red Lady Brisbane roses on one side, and white Gardenias on the other, at the bottom of which was a pond full of eels. There were peacocks wandering all about the place, and an orchard

full of lovely fruit, and a kitchen garden, surrounded by Hawthorne hedges.

The house was surrounded by a park with an avenue of Norfolk Island Pines to the house, and the drive went on to the flagged stable yard at the back, which was built in with high stone walls, and contained a nice row of brick cottages for the convict servants and had an old well and pump in the centre.

His name first appears in a published list of the attorneys of the colony in the New South Wales Pocket Almanac for 1819, in conjunction with four others. The list is as follows:—Thomas Wylde, Esq.; W. H. Moore, Esq.; Frederic Garling, Esq.; T. S. Amos, Esq. ; and James Norton, Esq.

For many years, and until the order was made by the Supreme Court for the division of the profession into its two branches of barristers and attorneys, Mr. Norton practised most successfully as an advocate,

for which his clear perception of facts, and his intimate knowledge of law eminently qualified him.

To his profession he gave the whole of his time and attention; and though pressed upon more than one occasion to come forward as a candidate for legislative

honours, he invariably refused. At the same time, upon great occasions, and when the interests of the colony appeared to him to demand the sacrifice of some portion of his time, he never for a moment hesitated

in bestowing it. Thus, in the great Anti-Transportation movement, the late gentleman was a leading member of the League then formed, and gave

his most strenuous exertions to the object for which that League was formed.

He was a member of the first Legislative Council under the new Constitution, having been appointed to a seat in that House by Mr. Cowper, soon after his taking office, on the resignation of the Donaldson Ministry. He was also Registrar of the diocese of Sydney for many years, having been appointed Registrar

to Archdeacon Scott, and holding the same office under the successive Bishops of Sydney.

While still practising as a barrister, Mr. Norton appeared for the defendant in the famous case of Shortt v. Berry and Wol'stoncraft, in which a feigned issue had been directed in order to try the question of a partnership between Shortt and Berry. The plaintiff's case appeared to be fully made out by a document which was known to be a forgery, but which was sworn to so positively that the defendant's ruin seemed inevitable. This important document was written on a quarter of a sheet of foolscap, and after a futile cross-examination, Mr. Norton sat down in Court at the close of a long and weary day with the paper in his hand. As he held the paper mechanically up to the light, a solitary ray from the setting sun falling upon it revealed the fact that the water mark, which the scrap of paper fortunately bore, was many years later than the date of the document written upon it! The jury, thereupon, re.

turned a verdict for the defendant without leaving the box.

He had a rough, bluff manner that somewhat repelled those who first made his acquaintance, and his habit of open speaking still further added to this impression; but, on intimate acquaintance, his k'ndness of heart, his goodness of disposition, and his affectionate nature made him generally beloved by all who were brought closely and intimately into contact with him. His charities, though unostentatious, were many.

He died on August the 31st, 18G2. at his residence of Elswick, near Petersham, in the sixty-seventh year of his age, and was buried on the 2nd September, 1802, in the family vault, Devonshire Street Cemetery.

He married first, on her sixteenth birthday, Jane, daughter of Alexander Kenneth Mackenzie, Esq., manager of the Bank of N . S . W . , Sydney, and by her

(who was born on the 10th January, 1808, at Southgate,

County Middlesex, England, and died 23rd March 1840, at Elswick, aforesaid); had issue

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(1) James, born ofeli December 1824, in a bouse at the corner of King and Elizabeth Streets.

Died on the 18th July, 1906, at "Ecclesbourne, Double Bay.

His first school was one kept by a Miss

Williams or Williamson, in Macquarie Street and among the boys was George Allen, afterwards of Toxteth Park. From there he went to old Mr. Capes, in O'Connell Street, and from it passed on to his (Sir. Cape's) son's School in King Street.

Shortly after the family went to Elswick, Mr. Cape was appointed headmaster of the Sydney College and there the young James stayed from 1835 to the end of 1839. In the beginning of the next year a tutor was engaged for the six brothers—a Mr. Walpole, a clergyman, who used to preach at Ashfield. In May or June, 1841, James and John were sent to Mr. Forrest's School, at Campbelltown, where the only other boys at the time were the two Oxleys (cousins), James Hassell and George MacArthur. In December he left Mr. Forrest's and on the 27th January of the year following was approved by the Judges of the Supremo Court (Howling, Burton, and Stephen) and was articled to his father for 5 years.

He was admitted as an attorney of the Supreme Court in 1848 and became a member of the firm of Norton and Son afterwards Norton, Son, and Barker, and later on senior partner of the firm Norton, Smith and Co., and he was regarded as one of the ablest of the old school of lawyers. On 16th April, 1860, he was sworn in as a Notary Public.

For many years he was a Director of the Australian Gas Light Co., and of the North Shore Gas Company. In 1869 he was elected Fellow of St. Paul's College within the University of Sydney.

In August, 1874, he was made Trustee of the Australian Museum and held the post for 32 years.

1878: Appointed Trustee of the Free Public Library and was elected" President of the Board *on the* 10th December, 1890, which position he held until his death.

1878: Trustee of Hyde, Phillip and Cook Parks, and in 1894 was elected Chairman, in place of the Right Hon. Sir Alfred Stephen,⁶ deceased, and continued to hold that office until the parks were handed over to the Sydney .Municipal Council, in 1904.

1879: Appointed member of the Legislative Council, and from May, 1884, to October, 1885, was Postmaster General in the twentieth Ministry, which was led by Siv Alexander Stuart. Although, not a frequent speaker in the Legislative Council, he was always incisive and logical in his utterances, and his remarks wore always followed with close attention.

1886: Appointed University Solicitor. In 1890 the degree of L . L . I) , was conferred upon him by St. Andrew's University, Scotland, in recognition for his services.

He was elected a member of the Royal Geographical Society in 1891 and for many years was closely connected with the Linnean Society

From about 1857, and until his death, he lived at Ecclesbourne, near Sydney, where he gave a great deal of his time and attention to the beautiful garden in which all the trees with one exception, he had planted himself. He was an enthusiastic botanist and amongst other hobbies had a fine collection of Australian books.

He married first, on 1st June, 1854, Harriett Mary Walker (who died 12th September, 1860), and had issue, one son and three daughters. 2nd, on 31st December, 1862, Isabella Stephens, second daughter of the Rev. Wm. Stevens, Levens, Westmoreland, England (who died 4th August, 1910); had issue, one son and one daughter.

(2) John Oxley, born 8th March, 1827, at Sydney. Died at Dubbo, N. S. W., 26th December, 1880. Educated by the Rev. —. Forrest. After leaving school, he, for a time worked in his father's office, but, preferring a country life, he went on to a station on the Richmond River.

The hope of making a fortune allured him to the gold fields when they were first discovered, but missing the fortune he settled down at Kanimbla, near Hartley. N.S.W.

In 1862, when the new Police Act passed, and the force was thoroughly reorganised by

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Sir Charles Cowper, Mr. Norton was appointed a sub-inspector. In 1862, when the Gardiner gang of bushrangers held the western districts in terrorism—sticking up mails, robbing escorts, and shooting policemen—Mr. Norton was sent to Forbes, and he there saw some hard service. On one occasion, when out on duty near Wlieogo, accompanied by a black tracker, O'Meally, Daley, and two others of the bushrangers surrounded him. The tracker, after the first shot had been fired, disappeared, and, after firing all his ammunition, Mr. Norton was compelled to surrender. While in the hands of the rascals they tried his courage but he did not blanch. They placed him against a large box tree, and fired three shots at him. Two of the bullets struck the tree about a foot above his head, and another hit it within a few inches of his left arm. His capture created terrible excitement in Forbes, then peopled by from 30,000 to 40,000 diggers. A public meeting was held on the camp reserve, and 500 stalwart men volunteered to go to the rescue. Captain Vera, an adventurous Hungarian, who had seen service in 1848. headed the party, but just as they were about to start, Mr. Norton arrived in Forbes, having

been released *by the* bushrangers. The Government then gave him "carte blanche" to go where he liked in search of the bushrangers. He afterwards saw rough service on the gold-field; and was out with Sir Frederick Pottinger on the night when Gardiner, on his celebrated white horse, escaped from Sirs. Brown's house. Sir Frederick and his men were at the back and Mr. Norton and his party at the front of the house. Gardiner passed within ten yards of Sir Frederick, who had him covered, but as he pulled the trigger the piece missed fire. After leaving Forbes, Mr. Norton was for a time in the Maitland district, under superintendent Morrisset, and subsequently he was stationed at Hartley, where he did good work among the lawless gangs who infested the Fisli River and Abercrombie. In 1866, he was transferred to Dubbo, and had charge of the force here till 1872, when he was appointed Police Magistrate, an office he held up to the time of his death. He married Emma Newton and had issue—four sons and five daughters.

(3) Jane Augusta. born 16th May, 1828, Sydney.

Married the Rev. Charles F. D. Priddle, at St. John's, Ashfield, on 25th February, 1851, and had issue—four sons and three daughters. She died at Liverpool, N. S. W., on the 13th November, 1883.

(4) Mary Isabella, born 20th June, 1829, Sydney. Went to England in 1803, and died on the 6th May, 1905, at Southsea, Hants, England. Unmarried.

(5) William, born 25th December, 1830, Sydney, and died on the 29th May, 189&, and was buried at Liverpool.

He also was articled to his father, but after several years left the office and joined his brother John with whom he went to try his luck at the diggings.

This being a failure he returned to Sydney and went to the University and then studied under Sir. Isaacs, one of the principal barristers in Sydney. Having passed his examinations well, he was appointed on a Commission to the Islands, and on his return found his wife had died.

He afterwards got an appointment as Bishop's Secretary, then Assistant C. P. S. at Goulburn and Parramatta, from which he occupied C. P. S. billet at Tingha. '

He married first, Gertrude Jane Walker, a sister of his brother James' wife, who died on the 6th August, 1862, leaving one daughter, who died in 1868. Later on he married again, a Mrs. Douglas.

(6) Edward, born in Sydney, 9th March, 1832. Went first to Mr. Capo's School, and later on to the King's School. After serving 1\ years of his articles to his father, was sent

to "Tiara," a property 20 miles from Wa!-cha in the New England district, which had been purchased that year. and which was worked in conjunction with Waterloo, purchased the year previously.

From there he went to a neighbouring station, "Winterbourn," where he assisted with the management.

Returning after about 12 months he built a new house at "Tiara" where he still (1912) lives.

He married Alice Ann Wilkinson on the 15th February, 1854, and had issue—12 children—eight sons and four daughters.

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(7) Henry, born 28th September, 1833, Sydney. Died 30th July, 1878.

Partner in the firm of Allen, Street and Norton. Married 25th April, 1861, Ellen McDonald, and had issue—four sons and four daughters. She died on 24th September, 1882.

(8) Albert, born 1st January, 1836, at Elswick, near Sydney.

Educated at the Rev. Fred. Wilkinson's school, near Ashfield, Sydney. After leaving school in 1852 he spent some considerable time on various station properties in the country in which his father had large interests, and for the love of travel, would take long journeys with travelling stock from one end of the continent to the other.

He subsequently secured and purchased the "Rodd's Bay" Station, near Gladstone (Q.), and having sold his interest in the New England stations to his brother Edward, he devoted his attention to breeding cattle there.

In 1867 he accepted a seat in the Legislative Council of Queensland, but resigned the following year.

In 1878 he again entered the political world and was returned unopposed for the Port Curtis district.

In 1883 he accepted office under Sir Thomas Mellwraith, and five years later he was elected Speaker of the Legislative Assembly.

In June, 1844, he was again summoned to the Legislative Council, of which (1912) he is still a member, and for some years held the position of Chairman of Committees.

Mr. Norton has been identified with many public institutions in Queensland, and for many years he has been a constant writer for the press.

He married first, on the 12th February, 1862, Mary Walker (who died on the 10th March, 1863), and had issue—one daughter. Second, Harriet Deacon, and had issue—one son. Third, Amy Barton, of Brisbane (Q.).

(9) Frances Douglas, born 15th March, 1838, at Elswick, and died 27th January, 1839. Buried in the family vault.

(10) Wallace, born 12th March, 1840, at Elswick.

Died 15th August, 1841, at Liverpool.

Buried in the family vault.

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He married secondly, on the 1st February, 1843, at Fairlight, Marion, only daughter of John Backhouse, Esq., of Ipswich, Suffolk, England. (She died on 30th April, 1870, at Southsea, Hants, England.) Had issue.

(11) Herbert, born 8th January, 1844, at Elswick and died 20th January, 1912, at

Dover.

He went in for medicine and took his degree at Edinburgh and became M.R.C.S.E. and F.R.C.S. Edinburgh. Married 15th March, 1881, Susannah, youngest daughter of the late Dr. Nash, Jiridgewater, County Somerset, and had issue—one daughter.

(12) Caroline Amy born, 18th May, 1846, at Elswick.

Married on 7th February, 1867, the Rev. Charles Knight. No issue. Died 1st May, 1911, at Canterbury, England,

(13) Emily Elizabeth, born 2nd September, 1848, Elswick. Married on the 10th August, 1881.

John Gregg O'Neill, Esq., M.B. Had issue—two sons and two daughters.

(14) Godfrey Charles George, born 14th October, 1851, Elswick. Died 17th March, 1891, at Hounslow, England. Entered the Army and ultimately became Captain of Duke of Cambridge's Own Middlesex Regiment. Married on 30th January, 1879 Alicia Margaret, eldest

daughter of Col. H. G. S. Powell. Had issue—two daughters.

(15) Gilbert Frederick Allan, born 8th March, 1855, at Elswick, Sydney. Died 24th November, 1902, in India.

He entered the Army and became Captain and Brevet Major, R.A. Accompanied the British troops to the Soudan and was present at the battle of Aboukha. He married on the 15th April, 1882, Alice Elizabeth, youngest daughter of the late General Murray Aynsley, Madras Cavalry, and had issue—two sons and two daughters.

A few months after the death of the Hon. James Norton, his widow and family sailed for England on the 24th February, 1863, in the Duncan Dunbar, and settled near London.

NORTONS of Sussex and N.S.W.

JOHN NORTON, SENK.
of Hurstpierpoint. Co. Sussex.
Entered on Subsidy Bolls for 1523.

JOHN NORTON, JR.
of Hurstpierpoint, Co. Sussex.
Entered on Subsidy Rolls-1560.
Buried at Hurst 24th Feb. 1560.
Will dated 6th April, 1546, proved at
Probate Court, Lewes, 20 July, 1567.
JOHN NORTON of Hurstpierpoint.
Entd. on Subsidy Rolls for ISP. & 1572
Will proved 26 June, 1568 at Lewes.

Alis JANE
Jane Ampellford
AMYS
JOHN NORTON
of Horsham. Co. Sussex.
EDWARD NORTON
of Hurst p.p.
Bur. at Hurst. 23rd May, 1610.
Admin. 17 July to his relict Charity
Charity
Bur at
Hurst
MARY
Bp. at Hurst.
20 April, 1564.
ELIZABETH
Bp. at Hurst,
3 Feb. 1566.
JOHN NORTON
Bp. Hurst, 27 July, 1603.
Bur. 28 July, 1803.
NINTAN NORTON
of Hurst p.p.
Bp. Hurst, 11 July, 1604.
Bur. Hurst 24 June, 1634.
Admin, to Relict. Jocose, 9 July, 1634
Jocose JANE NORTON
Bp. Hurst, 5 October. 1605.
JANE ANN
MARY NORTON
Bp. Hurst, 12 April, 1575.
Bur. Hurst, 2 May, 1599.
THOMAS NORTON
Bp. Hurst, 12 Apl. 1575
Bur. Hurst, 2 May, 1599
THOMAS NORTON — Ann
of Clayton, Co. Sussex [
Bp. Hurst. 23 Sep. 1627. |

Norton of Plecombe
Co. Southvick
and Shoreham, Co. Sussex
EDWARD NORTON
. Bp. Hurst, 4 April, 1630.
JOHN NORTON
of Huest p.p.
Bp. Hurst, 11 May, 1634.
Bur. Hurst, 16 Apl.. 1708.
Sarah Yates
of l'wynham,
18 Nov. 1671.
CHARITY '
Bp. Hurst 6 Jan., 1632.
Bur. 25 Jan., 1632.
WILLIAM NORTON
of Hurst p.p.
Bur. at Twynham.
Will dated 5 March. 1670,
Proved 8 April, 1671.
SARAH
Bp. Hurst.
10 Oct. 1672.
JOHN NORTON
of Henfield, Co. Sussex.
Bp. Hurst, 25 May, 1674.
THOMAS NORTON =
of Hurst, Gent.
Bp. 17 Jan, 1678. Bur. Hurst, 12 Oct.,
1745. Will dated 1 July, 1740.
Proved 28 June, 1746.
- Elizabeth Smith
of Hurst,
M. Hurst, 5 June, 1705.
THOMAS'NORTON
of Hurst.
Bp. 1 Mar.. 1713. Bur. 9 Jan., 1758.
Will dated 25 May, 1758. Proved

29 Julv. 1758.
JOHN NORTON JAMES NORTON
of Hurst.
Bp. 22 April, 1722.
Bur. Hurst, 23 Jan. 1798.
Rebecca Steel
of Newtimber
ELIZABETH
Bp. 10 Aug, 1753

JA

THOMAS NORTON
Bp. 28 Nov., 1754; Bp.i
ANN
3 Sept., 1757.
JOHN NORTON
Bp. 16 March, 1759.
Diedfl@s-1829.
Bur. PariCmafta, N.S.W.
: Mary Masters Bradford AMY
Bp. 30 April, 1762.
MARY MASTERS JOHN NORTON
B. 1783 B. 1781,
D. unmarried. Died 24 Dec., 1811.
NATHANIEL NORTON
of Mulgoa and Kanimbla,
N S.W.
B. July, 1787 at Leatherhead.
Bur. 17 1851
at Mulgoa, y"
REBECCA
B. 6 July, 1786.
D. 27 Apl., 1889
in England.
NANCY
B. 1791.
ELIZABETH

B. 1793.

D. 1825.

JAMES NORTON

of ifilswick, 8yd., N.S.W

B. 27 July, 1/95 at Ore

Place, Co. Sussex.

D. 3 August, 1862 at

Elswick.

JAMES NORTON JOHN OXLEY

ot Kcclesbourue,

Sydney.

, B. 5 Dec., 1824.

I). 18 July, 1906,

NORTON

B. 8 Mar., 1827.

D. 25 Dec., 1680.

II

JANE AUGUSTA MARY ISABELLA

B. 16 May, 1828.

D. JTi Feb.. 1883.

tskxo-

B. 20 June. 1829.

D. 6 May, 1905.

WILLIAM NORTON

B. 25 Dec., 1830.

D, 29 May, 1898.

EDWARD NORTON HENRY NORTON

of Tiara., Stn, N.S.W. B. 28 Sept, 1833.

B. 9 March, 1832. D. 30 July, 1878.

ALBERT NORTON FRANCIS DOUGLAS WALLACE

of Brisbane. NORTON NORTON

B. 1 Jan., 1836. B. 15 March, 1838. B. 12 Mar. 1840.

D. 27 Jany., 1839. D. lfAug.1841.

"- Jane Mackenzie

M. 10 Jan , 1824 at

St. Phillips Cliur.,

, Sydney.

- Marian Backhouse

M. 1 Feb., 1843 at

Mulgoa.

EMMA

B. 4 Oct., 1797 at

Faiilight, Hastings

Eng.

M, John Oxley,

D. i f Apl., 1885.

WILLIAM NORTON

B. 1799.

Died young.

ROSA

B. 1801.

Died youn;r.

HKltBETH NORTON CAROLINE AMY EMILY ELIZABETH

GODFREY CHARLES

B 8 ,Jan., 1844. B. 18 May, 1846. B. 2 Sept., 1818. GEORGE

NORTON

D. 28 Jan., 1912, D. 1 May, 1911. % 14 Oct., 1851.

D. 17 Mar., 1891.

GILBERT

FREDERICK

ALLAN NORTON

B. 8 Mar., 1855.

- D. 24 Nov., 1^92.